DISEASE:
WHIM syndrome

NAME:	WHIM syndrome
DESCRIPTION:	WHIM (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections, and myelokathexis) syndrome is a congenital autosomal dominant immune deficiency characterized by abnormal retention of mature neutrophils in the bone marrow (myelokathexis) and occasional hypogammaglobulinemia, associated with an increased risk for bacterial infections and a susceptibility to human papillomavirus (HPV) induced lesions (cutaneous warts, genital dysplasia and invasive mucosal carcinoma).
ORPHACODE:	51636
SYNONYMS:	WILM Warts-hypogammaglobulinemia-infections-myelokathexis syndrome Warts-infections-leukopenia-myelokatexis syndrome
XREF(S):	Orphanet MeSH OMIM ICD-10
ANALYTE(S):	CXCR4
CREATED:	13 May 2019 - 01:02
CHANGED:	22 Jun 2023 - 16:14

RELATED CONTENT

Related Genetic Tests

- Primary immune deficiencies (gene panel)
- WHIM (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections, and myelokathexis) syndrome

Related Laboratories

- Centrum Menselijke Erfelijkheid - KUL

Related Analytes

- C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 4

Related Gene Panels

- Hypogonadotropic Hypogonadism/Kallmann (61 genes) - ULG
- Immunogenetics (21 genes)
- Primary immune deficiencies (444 genes) - KUL